

OHIO HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION PRESEASON GUIDE FOR SOFTBALL UMPIRES "THE WHITE BOOK"

2022 Edition

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EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES - 2022

- The White Book has been updated your OHSAA Preseason Guide replaces the NFHS
 Preseason Guide ALL INFORMATION IN ONE PLACE
- Six Mechanics Clinics One in each OHSAA District Attendees will also receive three points added to their TOURNAMENT SELECTION SCORE.
- Optional Rules Test returns! Umpires who complete the optional rules test will receive additional point credit for their tournament officials rating as follows:

94% and above - 3 points /// 86% - 92% - 2 points /// 80-84% - 1 point

• The <u>BEST WAY</u> to start your preparation for the coming season is to attend a "face-to-face" State Rules Interpretation Meeting. There will be eight in person meetings. Each meeting will feature sessions of about two hours and in addition to the state meeting will review the most important items that we want to cover prior to the season. <u>By attending the entire session, you will receive credit for a local meeting in addition to the state softball meeting.</u> There is no need to "pre-register" for any State meeting.. Information concerning attendance requirements is on the back cover of this booklet.

OHSAA SOFTBALL POINTS OF EMPHASIS 2022

- Pitching Rules Enforcement The OHSAA continues to have expectations concerning the enforcement of all rules including the pitching rules. These expectations have not changed and are straightforward and reasonable but still require our attention:
 - 1. Study the pitching rules
 - 2. Learn to recognize infractions
 - 3. Use proper positioning & mechanics
 - 4. When an illegal pitch is there call it
 - 5. Never guess an illegal pitch
 - 6. Get these calls made early in the game
 - 7. Let the pitcher adjust to your proper enforcement of the rule

We will discuss these during our state and local meetings and also discuss key provisions of the pitching rules at that time. Of special note is the NFHS 2022 POE concerning the requirement for the pitcher to take a position in contact with the pitching plate and then simulate taking a signal from the catcher prior to bringing the hands together. This allows the batter to prepare for the start of the pitch. If the pitcher does not pause after stepping onto the pitcher's plate to simulate taking a signal from the catcher prior to bring their hands together, an illegal pitch needs to be called.

- Substitution Rules and Line Up Card Management It has been a number of years since we have emphasized the DP/Flex rule. We will do this in local meetings this year and also remind you that Appendix H (page 97) of the NFHS 2022 Softball Rules Book is a valuable DP/Flex resource. Other items, such as substitution rules, re-entry, and courtesy runner provisions will also be covered during our local meetings. It is important to note the substitution and batting order rules for Junior High/Middle School (grades 7 & 8) games are the same as the high school rules (the only rules difference for grades 7 & 8 is the pitching distance). There is no "roster batting" for JH/MS.
- Jewelry This is an item that we need to again emphasize for this year. Rule 3-2-12 clearly states that players in the game can't wear jewelry and lists numerous examples – rings, watches, earrings, bracelets, necklaces, etc. It's important to note that jewelry does not need to be made of metal – rubber bracelets, cloth/string necklaces, and other decorative items are all illegal. The penalty for violations is found over in Rule 3-6-1 and includes removing the item and for the first offense a team warning. Subsequent offenses result in a bench restriction for both the offender and the head coach. Let's make sure that we have the coach re-check the entire team for jewelry whenever that first offense occurs and the related warning is issued. Far too often, we have umpires who want to "take the easy way out" and ignore a safety rule or policy. This is dangerous for the student-athlete, the coach and for you. Let's work on this. Also, note that religious medals (must be taped and worn under the uniform) and medical-alert medals (must be taped and may be visible) are not considered jewelry. Daith Ear Piercings are permitted provided the school has submitted documentation of necessity from a physician. This must be sent to the OHSAA and a waiver may then be issued. This waiver must be available at the game and shown to the umpires. (3-2-13 Note)
- Game Management Umpires know that their responsibility is for what happens on the field. Game Administration and Site Management is a school responsibility. This is important for a number of reasons weather issues, the rare case of spectators causing problems that need attention, or other emergencies. Prior to the game, no later than the pregame conference with the coaches, find out if game management is available or if the head coach is filling that role. In the spring there are often many events going on at a school and this forces the coach to take this responsibility. In any event, umpires need to know who to go to should assistance become necessary. See our updates to our weather regulations elsewhere in this White Book and note this excerpt from the OHSAA By-Laws: School's Responsibility When Hosting A Contest 3-2-1 The host school has the responsibility to ensure that a contest or event is administered in a manner which emphasizes the educational values inherent in interscholastic athletics. It is the host school's responsibility to remove any individual(s) who disrupts the educational goals of the contest or event. Likewise, the host school is ultimately responsible for the

safety of all participants (players, coaches, officials, spectators, etc.) in the interscholastic contest immediately before, during and immediately after each contest or event. Therefore, the host school shall appoint a site director/ manager or administrator-in-charge for every contest or event. The host school shall ensure that the site director/manager or administrator-in-charge is aware of the school's emergency action plan and how to adjust it to meet the needs of the particular contest or event. Included in the emergency action plan shall be procedures to deal with emergencies, crowd management and health and safety protections. The plan shall also include procedures to ensure that unauthorized personnel are kept from the playing field; to provide safety and security for the visiting team(s), their spectators and the contest officials, and to provide safety and security for parking areas related to the contest or event.

HELP WANTED

We still need your help – please join us in our efforts to recruit new people as softball umpires. We'd like you to encourage others – your friends, neighbors, relatives, and coworkers to join you as an OHSAA umpire. For information on becoming an OHSAA official go to our website, www.ohsaa.org and click on the Officiating tab then select – "Become an Official" or use this link - https://ohsaa.org/Officiating/permits. Remember that officials working other OHSAA sports and non-school sports are great candidates to join our team!

We also want to encourage umpires to follow our advancement process and move to Class 1. Local Associations are strongly encouraged to help umpires through this process —this is a key responsibility of the association. Please work to insure umpires receive the required observations and are prepared for the advancement test. A Class 1 umpire is eligible to work both regular season varsity and tournament games therefore the testing is a little more challenging and includes some questions on the basics of three umpire mechanics.

CONGRATULATIONS - 25 YEAR UMPIRES- 2020 & 2021

HILLSBORO	DAVID NOGGLE	PAULDING
WEST CHESTER	DOMINIC FLAVIANI	LaGrange
MARYSVILLE	EARL RIDGE	NORTH CANTON
PARMA	EARL RIDGE	NORTH CANTON
WARREN	EDWARD GAITENS	Fairview Park
CINCINNATI	ERIC BOND	BENTON RIDGE
HUBBARD	FRANCIS GAREAU	BRUNSWICK HILLS
BAY VILLAGE	FRANK BROWSKE	COLUMBIA STA
Atwater	FRANK SUTTMILLER	OXFORD
MARION	FRED GAGE JR	PEPPER PIKE
	WEST CHESTER MARYSVILLE PARMA WARREN CINCINNATI HUBBARD BAY VILLAGE Atwater	WEST CHESTER DOMINIC FLAVIANI MARYSVILLE EARL RIDGE PARMA EARL RIDGE WARREN EDWARD GAITENS CINCINNATI ERIC BOND HUBBARD FRANCIS GAREAU BAY VILLAGE FRANK BROWSKE Atwater FRANK SUTTMILLER

FREDERICK MORRIS	Centerville	MICHAEL LYBARGER	SHELBY
GARTH MCGRAIL	NEW LONDON	Mike Clark	GAHANNA
GEORGE GROH	NORTH ROYALTON	MIKE MAVROMATIS	Tipp City
GILBERT LANHAM JR	CINCINNATI	MIKE WHEELER	HILLSBORO
JAMES BROWN	OAK HILL	PETER DIGUGLIELMO	SYLVANIA
JAMES FOUKE III	GRAYTOWN	ROBERT JONES	Fostoria
JAMES SPENCER	TOLEDO	ROBERT POTO	ALLIANCE
JEFFREY HARVEY	SARDINIA	RODNEY DANIEL	TIFFIN
JEREMY PETROFF	TOLEDO	RONALD GROOMS	WEST UNION
JERRY DENOVCHEK	CORTLAND	SAMUEL BOOK	warren
JOEL MCCULLA	ST.PARIS	STANLEY CZECK	WARREN
JOHN FAZIO	MIDDLEBURG HTS	STEVE HARTMAN	ORRVILLE
JOHN HART	ELYRIA	STEVEN TICKERHOOF	Lake Milton
JOHN WILSON	COLUMBUS	TERRY SNYDER	EAST LIVERPOOL
KENNETH STILLWAGON JR	ELYRIA	THOMAS MILORD	DAYTON
KENNETH TRIGG	GRAFTON	THOMAS O'DONNELL	EASTLAKE
LYNN LANDIS	Londonderry	TIM ENGEL	WILLIAMSBURG
MARK BOYCE	Columbus	TIMOTHY EVERHART	TIFFIN
MARK MC CLELLAN	COLUMBUS	WALTER KNOX	XENIA
MARVIN MURPHY	ELYRIA	WILLIAM NUTTER	MARION

Professionalism

In addition to the focus on the student, this year we reprint our Code of Ethics, remind everyone of the importance of honoring our commitments and contracts regardless of possible inconvenience or financial loss, and also discuss the importance of being careful about what we say both verbally and in social media.

The OHSAA's Mission Statement is simple and to the point but also speaks volumes:

To serve our member schools and enrich interscholastic opportunities for **students.**

The OHSAA's Officiating Program Mission does the same:

Creating a competent community of sports officials who play a key role in developing Ohio **Student athletes** into good citizens of tomorrow.

As officials it's pretty easy for us to get caught up in what we do on a daily basis and forget the function that we really need to play in each and every contest and in all that we do as OHSAA officials. With this mind we are taking this opportunity to remind ourselves of our role as part of interscholastic athletics and the importance of professionalism. Each of the statements above properly create the focus that is appropriately placed on the **Student**.

OHSAA Officiating Code of Ethics

Schools have entrusted the OHSAA and sports officials to assist them in the education and development of their youth through athletics. The proper operation of such a process requires that officials be independent, impartial and responsible to people they serve. In recognition of these expectations there is hereby established a Code of Ethics for all officials. The purpose of the code is to establish guidelines for ethical standards of conduct for all officials.

- An Official must devote time, thought and study to the rules of the game and the mechanics necessary to carry out these rules so that one may render effective and creditable service in a fair and unbiased manner.
- An Official must work with fellow officials and the state association in a spirit of harmony and cooperation in spite of differences of opinion that may arise during debate of issues.
- An Official must resist every temptation and outside pressure to use one's position as an official to benefit oneself. Under all circumstances, officials must avoid promoting the special interest of any person or group of persons other than the athletes we serve.
- An Official must constantly uphold the honor and dignity of the officiating industry in all
 personal conduct and relations with student-athletes, coaches, athletic directors, school
 administrators, colleagues, and the public, to be a worthy example to the athletes under
 one's jurisdiction.
- An Official will be prepared both physically and mentally, dress according to expectations of sport standards, and maintain a proper appearance that is befitting the importance of the game.
- An Official shall avoid the use of tobacco and tobacco products at the contest site.
- An Official shall not consume alcohol (or any illegal/illicit drug or controlled substance) prior to or during the contest.
- An Official must remember and recognize that it is important to honor contracts
 regardless of possible inconvenience or financial loss. Every member of the officiating
 profession carries a responsibility to act in a manner becoming a professional person.
 The conduct of any official influences the attitude of the public toward the profession in
 general as well as toward the official in particular.
- An Official shall not delay the process of completing and returning paperwork provided by a site needed to process the game payments and will provide a W-9 when requested.

Note – The OHSAA Officiating Code of Ethics, along with OHSAA regulations relating to officials is found in Handbook for Officials. It may be accessed at this link:

https://www.ohsaa.org/Portals/0/Officiating/OHSAAOfficialsHandbook.pdf

Some Words About Social Media

Here are some excerpts from Social Media posts made by OHSAA umpires and received by the OHSAA office. Umpires need to take great care not only in performing all their duties but in controlling what is said on Social Media and for that matter what is said verbally. These examples are designed to give us something to think about – not only in what we say and post but in how we enforce the rules we are responsible for –

Well that was a first – team gives up 16 runs in the first, 3 more in the second, with three of those outs manufactured by me behind the plate.

I know many umpires have faced this dilemma. Yesterday I had a doubleheader and did the plate the first game. Second pitch of the first game I realized the batter had an unapproved bat. Since OHSAA follows USA Softball bat rules the gold Easton ghost is not approved. I don't know if what I did was right or wrong (I assume wrong since I did not enforce the rule). The penalty for this is an out, the ejection of the player, and the coach. I simply chose to play dumb and not start this day or year off like that. If the other team questioned it I would have enforced the rule. This player was not a factor and her team lost both games. Between games, I never told the other umpire because I didn't want to influence him. If he saw it and enforced it, fine. In the past, I have told the coach after that half inning of the situation and they corrected it going forward. For whatever reason, yesterday I did not do that. You all need to be aware of what bats your players are using because the next umpire may not take the easy way out! And I probably should not have because eventually it will catch up to them and then I will be known as "the last umpire."

Welcome to the 2022 Softball Season

It's time for another softball season and I again look forward to again serving as Director of Officials Development - Softball. There is no doubt that the part of the job I enjoy the most is working with our roughly 3,000 umpires and with the rules interpreters and other leaders in our sixty local associations. Over the past several years I had the pleasure to meet many of you at our clinics, state and local meetings, and during our tournaments. I hope to see you this year.

We have a number of things that are new for 2022 – the first of these is another update of "The White Book", which will provide highlights of NFHS rules and mechanics along with the OHSAA information that you'll need for the coming season. The idea is to put all this information in one place and make it easily accessible for our umpires. It's important to note that unlike the

OHSAA books provided in some other sports this is NOT a replacement for the NFHS Softball Umpires Manual which you will continue to receive every other year (even numbered years). We will continue to use NFHS Mechanics which are the same as those written by and used in USA Softball. We are confident that the customized content will better serve you.

Before further discussing the coming season I would like to congratulate, on behalf of the entire OHSAA family and all of our officials, Rebecca Cooper, Jerry Norris, and Ariana Bowles Norris. Rebecca, of Lima, was the 2020 recipient of the National Federation OHIO OFFICIAL OF THE YEAR for softball. She has served as an OHSAA tournament umpire at all levels, as a certified instructor, and is very active as a member of the Lima Umpires Association. Jerry and Ariana are recipients of the 2021 NFHS OHIO OFFICIAL OF THE YEAR for softball. They are from Russels Point and first met at an OHSAA Softball Mechanics Clinic in Lucasville where Jerry was an instructor and Ariana a class participant. Both are tournament umpires at all levels, involved in our training programs and members of the Top of Ohio Umpires Association. When you see any of these three on the field please congratulate them and say thanks for their many contributions to the OHSAA.

Rebecca, Jerry and Ariana were honored at the Officials Hall of Fame Banquet in October. In addition veteran softball umpires Donnie Green, George Gulas, John Vicarel and the late Larry Black were all inducted into the OHSAA Officials Hall of Fame. We also want to recognize officials completing 25 years of service as OHSAA softball umpires. These umpires, along with those who worked our 2021 State Tournament in Akron, are listed elsewhere in the White Book. Roughly one third of our state tournament umpires were making their first appearance at this event and that is no doubt a result of many of these umpires attending our Mechanics Clinics and working hard to improve at their craft. **Congratulations to all!**

This is the 12th year of the OHSAA's sport specific program to provide all officials with additional training opportunities and you the opportunity to improve your "game". The OHSAA Board of Directors has directed substantial resources to enhance the training programs for all officials. We need your help as we continue to strengthen officiating in Ohio. We expect all of you to support our efforts to see that both playing rules and the approved umpire mechanics are followed. These cannot be optional – either for individual umpires or local associations. Consistency is something the game, coaches, players, and your fellow umpires all deserve. Our goal is simple: ONE RULE/ONE INTERPRETATION/ONE MECHANIC

To further increase consistency we will continue our enhanced training opportunities for umpires. Details concerning state and local meeting attendance requirements, as well a schedule of our state meetings, can be found on the back cover of the White Book.

We will also continue our popular series of one day Softball Umpire Mechanics Clinics. These clinics, designed to help umpires improve their skills and attain their advancement goals, continue to emphasize both plate and base mechanics. We have found that umpires with a strong knowledge of mechanics add greatly to the game of softball. Each clinic is staffed by the OHSAA Softball Umpire Instructional Team and will include OHSAA softball observers. Again for 2022 – umpires attending these clinics will receive three points added to their TOURNAMENT SELECTION SCORE. Details can be found elsewhere in the White Book or at the OHSAA officiating web page using this link: http://www.ohsaa.org/Officiating/DOD. Go to the softball section and click on Umpire Mechanics Clinics.

In addition we will again offer a pre-tournament clinic covering the three umpire system, as well as other topics, on Sunday, May 15 at Waggoner Road Junior High School in Reynoldsburg. This free clinic is intended for umpires working the three umpire system in postseason play but is open to all OHSAA umpires. No preregistration is needed. Registration will be at noon with the clinic running from 12:30-4PM.

This year we will again offer rules testing for softball umpires. Umpires who complete the rules test will receive additional point credit for their tournament officials rating as follows:

This test will be available mid-February and will have a mid-March deadline. Additional details will be sent to you when the test is available online.

We'll also continue to provide bulletins distributed electronically throughout the season. These bulletins are also posted at www.ohsaa.org (Go to the Officials Page – DOD Section). The direct link is: http://www.ohsaa.org/Officiating/DOD. The comments we received have been very positive and if umpires have suggestions to improve these further please let me know.

Also ongoing will be the use of observers at our state and regional tournaments. Thanks to the many wonderful volunteers, we had observers last year at all of our regional and state championship sites. These observers not only were able to help the umpires working these games but their input was also very helpful in identifying areas where we need to focus our training efforts. I believe that if umpires working tournament games have areas that consistently show up as improvement items it's likely that these can be potential improvement items for all of our umpires. It is also important to note that our observers play an important role in determining tournament assignments for future seasons.

Please take the time to review all your NFHS and OHSAA publications including the entire WHITE BOOK. In addition to valuable information being provided regarding rules changes, points of emphasis, and mechanics, the publications provide information especially for our

OHSAA umpires. This includes emphasis points on safety issues which must be reviewed by all involved in high school sports. I also urge you carefully study the OHSAA REMINDERS FOR 2022 as this section contains very important information that we all need to know.

This season we must continue to work on both recruiting and retention efforts - especially in regard to females and minorities - we have not had much success in recruiting female and minority umpires and ask for your help with this. In many areas our assigners are having trouble filling all games. Our current umpires are the best recruiting source we have. If you know of anyone interested give them this address: http://www.ohsaa.org/Officiating/permits. Here they will find the information they need to join a class forming near them. We need your help - please encourage your friends and neighbors to get involved!

As this booklet is printed in time for your rule book mailing, it is impossible for us to determine what rules modifications will be necessary to address the health concerns created by the pandemic. The OHSAA will continue to work with the leaders of state government and the Ohio Department of Health to monitor this aspect and update you prior to or during the season of any special considerations that must be followed. Our thanks to the state and the ODH, as well as to all of you, as we all work together to take any necessary precautions.

Have a great season – I hope to see you on the field!

Jerry Fick ----- Director of Officials Development – Softball

NFHS RULES CHANGES – 2022

- 1-2-1 Amends language to clarify that break away bases are permitted.
- 1-3-3 Aligns ball tolerance specifications with other rule codes and manufacturers' standards. Any balls manufactured with the former specifications will be permitted through 2024 to allow for manufacturers and schools to reduce inventory. The specifications are permitted for use during the 2022 season and will be required by 2025.
- 3-2-5b —Removes language prohibiting hard items to control hair and aligns with other NFHS rules codes.
- 3-2-5c —Eliminates the need for authorization from state association for religious headwear while maintaining the requirement for approval of head coverings worn for medical reasons.
- 3-5-3 Additional language brings coach's attire up to date with current language used to describe approved coaching garments. New language better defines permissible coach's attire.

3-6-21 & PENALTY —Clarifies that a damaged bat, previously removed by an umpire, cannot be reintroduced to the game. It also adds a penalty, which states that the batter is out and both the player and the head coach are restricted to the dugout. For clarification, a damaged bat is defined as a bat that was once legal and subsequently found to have cracks, rattles, dents or burrs; an illegal bat is defined as a bat that has been altered or does not meet the required specifications of a legal bat has been altered or is non-approved (Rule 7-4-2). The first offense for bringing a damaged bat into the batter's box is the removal of the damaged equipment from the contest without further penalty. A second offense for a damaged bat will result in the batter being called out, and the head coach and the offender will be restricted to the dugout, and runners not put out on the play return to the base occupied at the time of the pitch.

6-2-2 & NOTE —Removes language from the article and moves it to a note. Having it as a part of this article invokes a different penalty than 3-2-9. Making it a note in this section provides the support to keep pitchers legal in this section but removes the discrepancy in penalties.

8-2-6 —Clarifies a batter-runner's location in relationship to the running lane when either foot is in the air. The batter-runner is considered to be outside of the running lane if either foot last contacted the ground completely outside the running lane.

NFHS POINTS OF EMPHASIS - 2022

- Huddles Between Innings If a team chooses to huddle on the field after a third out while the other team is warming up, care should be taken to ensure they do so in a safe location. In between innings as the defensive team takes the field and begins to throw the ball, the offensive team should only huddle in an area that does not impede the warm-up of the defensive team nor places them in areas where overthrows are likely. Huddling should be limited to the amount of time needed for the defensive players to make their warm-up throws, during the one minute permitted by rule. Huddling in appropriate areas will assist with minimizing risk to participants.
- Guidance for Pitcher Utilization The past several years have seen an increasing concern regarding overuse injuries of the shoulder and elbow among softball pitchers at the high school level. The NFHS Sports Medicine Advisory Committee (SMAC) and the NFHS Softball Rules Committee continue to monitor injury rates of high school softball players through the National High School Sports-Related Injury Surveillance Study [High School Reporting Online (RIO)], which is an annual collection of injuries experienced while participating in high school sports. The injury data are presented to the NFHS Softball Rules Committee each year and reviewed when applicable to rule proposals. At this point in time, the available injury data do not warrant the implementation of pitch or inning limitations for high school softball. Proper technical, mental, nutritional and physical training before, during and after pitching with appropriate rest and recovery time are important components in the development of a softball pitcher, from youth through high school. The development of multiple pitchers on a team will help share the pitching load as well. The NFHS Softball Rules Committee and the NFHS SMAC will

- continue to monitor RIO and other available research regarding shoulder and elbow injury risk for high school softball pitchers.
- Assisting a Runner To score a run, the runner must legally advance to and touch first, second, third and then home plate. Coaches or any other team personnel are not permitted to assist a runner in any manner during playing action. When a home run occurs, although the ball is out of play (enters dead-ball territory), runners have live-ball running responsibilities and are still required to legally run the bases. If someone other than another runner physically assists a runner, the assisted runner is ruled out. Similarly, if the runner passes another runner they would be ruled out. Lastly, the runner misses a base and it is properly appealed, the runner would also be ruled out.
- Pitcher Simulating Taking a Sign While the pivot foot is in contact with the pitcher's plate and prior to bringing the hands together the pitcher must take or simulate taking a signal from the catcher. A signal may be taken from a coach either by hand signal, verbal call, or by looking at a wristband with a playbook/playcard. This signal can be taken while in contact with the pitcher's plate or while standing behind the pitcher's plate prior to taking a position in contact with the pitcher's plate. None of these actions are illegal by rule; the only requirement is that no matter where or from whom the actual signal is obtained, the pitcher must take a position with the pivot foot in contact with the pitcher's plate with the hands separated and simulate taking a signal from the catcher. Requiring the pitcher to take their position in contact with the pitching plate and simulating taking a signal from the catcher prior to bringing their hands together allows the batter to prepare for the start of the pitch. If the pitcher does not pause after stepping onto the pitcher's plate to simulate taking a signal from the catcher prior to bring their hands together, an illegal pitch should be called.

OHSAA REMINDERS FOR 2022

- Noisemakers The use of any item to create additional noise is a violation of the unsporting conduct regulation. Noisemaking devices are not permitted in the dugout. This would include musical instruments, whistles and horns. It is also not permissible to bang items such as ball buckets or bang bats on dugouts, benches or fences. Note that the penalty for violations of this rule permits a "warning," but for repeated violations the umpire may "restrict to the bench" or eject either the coach or offender(s). Umpires should first use warnings to enforce this rule.
- Rule 3-2-1 allows state associations to permit players to wear sweatshirts and jackets when there is inclement weather .
- We must have rule books available and consult those publications when needed during the course of a game. We continue to have a few unfortunate situations each year where rules are misapplied and not corrected. The OHSAA does not recognize protests so it is imperative that we refer to the books when needed and make corrections if necessary. I think that we can all agree that when the umpires in a game disagree on a rules application that this is one of the judgment call can't be changed by replay or a challenge flag there is no reason not to check a rule before we award the wrong base, fail to count a run that should have scored or make some other rules misapplication.

- George Gulas, our state interpreter from Medina, has again put together a list of
 observations from our observers and others who saw a lot of games in 2021. These
 items will be the basis for much of our Mechanics Clinics, content at our state meetings,
 and of course will be passed on to interpreters for discussion at local meetings. Here is
 a preview of some of the items we will be working on this winter and spring:
- Plate Umpires Proper Position including Slot and Distance Reporting Changes Handling Intentional Walks – Fair/Foul Position, Priorities, Signals - Selling the tough calls vs. making unnecessary calls
- Base Umpires Proper Initial Positions getting set and square to the plate Tighter Pivots when coming inside diamond – Chasing Balls to the outfield including when to chase, proper angles, and signals
- General Mechanics Between Inning responsibilities Communication through good signals – Don't take the easy way out – Keys to Good Judgment - Getting good angles, Timing, and STOP, SET, SEE THE PLAY, MAKE THE CALL
- Working the final play of every game communication with partners and expect the unexpected it's not always over when you think it is

Now is the time to plan to take advantage of both our Mechanics Clinics and Face to Face State Rules Meetings with the second hour (local meeting credit) devoted to items such as those mentioned above. We believe that work in these areas will help improve the capabilities of all of our umpires.

Notes for Assigners and Local Associations

- A message to all who hold BOTH a baseball and softball permit and also to local association secretaries. OHSAA requires umpires holding permits in both sports to attend four local meetings for both baseball and softball. Local Associations are not permitted to offer meetings that give credit for both sports. There is one exception as each local association will be able to conduct one meeting that covers OHSAA regulations and other items common to both sports. Officials may attend only one such meeting and will receive credit for a meeting in both baseball and softball. All local associations offering these "dual credit" meetings may offer only one such meeting per year and will be required to follow a program provided by the OHSAA.
- All umpires used in varsity games shall be Class 1 officials. If you have not completed the
 advancement process, this is done through your local officials association. This process can be
 completed as early as an umpire's first year and then can take effect the following year. Details
 are on page 17 of the Handbook for Officials located at:
 http://www.ohsaa.org/Portals/0/Officiating/OHSAAOfficiating/forms/upgrade.PDF
 Additional details can be obtained through your local association secretary.

Local Associations are strongly encouraged to help umpires through the advancement process – in fact this is a key responsibility of the association. Please work to insure umpires receive the required observations during the season and also are prepared for the advancement test given in May. An umpire who completes the advancement process is eligible to work both regular season varsity and tournament games therefore the testing is a little more challenging than testing for new umpires and can also include some questions on the basics of three umpire mechanics.

Bats-Definitions & Penalties-Rules 1-5-1, 2-4,7-4-2

- An illegal bat does not meet the specifications of Rule 1-5. Altered bats and non-approved bats are both types of illegal bats. There are other types of illegal bats a bat without a sufficient safety grip or a bat that has pine tar on the barrel are just two examples. A batter who enters the box with an illegal bat or is discovered having used an illegal bat with the infraction being detected by the umpire or the defense prior to the next pitch is out. The ball is immediately dead and all runners return to the base occupied at the time of the pitch. If a runner was retired on the play the out stands and the runner does not return.
- An altered bat was once legal but has been structurally changed by rolling, shaving, warming, or some other intentional act. When an altered bat is used all penalties for an illegal bat apply PLUS the batter and head coach are also ejected from the game.
- A non-approved bat is one that does not meet USA Softball specifications OR has been placed on USA Softball list of non approved bats with the USA Softball certification mark. When a non-approved bat is used all penalties for an illegal bat apply PLUS the batter and head coach are ejected from the game (same penalty as for an altered bat).
- When a penalty includes ejection of the batter and head coach (altered or nonapproved bat) the umpire is required to complete the online ejection report to inform the OHSAA and the school administration which is responsible for enforcing the additional penalties that apply when an ejection occurs.
- For 2020 a new definition was added for a damaged bat. This item is defined as a bat that was once legal but is now broken, cracked, dented, rattles, or has sharp edges that could cut the ball. Note that a bat that has developed instability in the handle or taper (often called a wobble) is considered a damaged bat. Damaged bats are not considered illegal and when discovered are immediately removed from the game without penalty. In 2022 a penalty has been added when a damaged bat that was previously removed from the game is re-introduced into the contest. Under Rule 3-6-21 this penalty includes an out on the batter with all runners not put out on any play being returned to the original base as well as a bench restriction for both the batter and her coach.

• It is important to know what Certification Marks are required for NFHS softball competition. Rule 1-5-1d and Figure 1-6 have now been updated to include USA Softball's newest certification mark shown which are also provided below – there are now three marks which are the only approved marks for bats used in high school play:





NFHS rules require that bats meet the USA Softball bat performance standards. Thus, bats that only bear approval marks from other softball organizations without one of the above certification marks do not meet the requirements for use in high school play. Note that USA Softball also publishes a listing of Non-Approved Bats with Certification Marks. This was created to provide a listing of bats that had once been approved for use but are no longer deemed approved for use. This listing can be found on the USA Softball website at this link - https://usa.asasoftball.com/e/BB1P2000.asp

Here is an excerpt from the 2020 NFHS Softball Points of Emphasis –

Bat manufacturers produce several models of bats for multiple organizations. These different models are often custom designed to meet the specific organizations' individual certification requirements. Bats that are custom designed for one organization may only bear that organization's certification mark. Conversely, a large number of these bats are designed to meet several organizations' requirements and will bear multiple organizations certifications marks – making them legal to use in multiple codes. What is important to know is that NFHS softball recognizes and utilizes USA Softball's certification process. In order for a bat to be legal for use in NFHS softball it must be marked with the ASA 2000, 2004 or the USA Softball All-Games Certification Mark. Additionally, any bat with one of these certification marks must not appear on the list of the USA Softball Non-Approved Bats with Certification Marks. This list was created as a way to alert players and coaches that a bat that was once approved for use has now been deemed no longer approved for use. All bats that are approved by USA Softball, formally ASA, for use in fast pitch play shall bear one of the markings shown below. Once these bats have entered the market and possible issues arise, there is a process for revoking the approval of these bats. When it has been determined that a bat should have its approval revoked, either through the re-testing process or for a voluntary removal from the manufacturer, the bat is added to the NonApproved Bats list with Certification Marks. These bats were approved when originally manufactured and were legal for play at that time, but due to some unforeseen issues no longer pass the approval requirements.

Equipment Inspection

High school rules no longer require the umpires to inspect equipment prior to every game. Umpires are expected to remain vigilant throughout the game and when illegal or altered equipment is identified the existing penalties, which remain unchanged, will need to be assessed. Certainly be prepared to answer a question from a coach about legality of equipment whether it's asked before or during a game. We remind both coaches and umpires that penalties prescribed in Rule 3-6-1 and in Rule 7-4-2 will need to be enforced should violations occur. While most equipment violations result in a team warning for the first offense and a bench restriction for the offender and coach on the next offense it's important to again note that the penalty for bringing an altered or non-approved bat into the batter's box includes ejection of both the batter and head coach. This ejection includes the additional penalties that come with any ejection of a student-athlete or coach.

Here is another excerpt from a previous NFHS Softball Point of Emphasis –

It is the head coach's responsibility to make certain all players are legally and properly equipped, which includes checking bats, helmets and catcher's gear prior to every contest. Equipment wears during use. Bats can become damaged, or a player may purchase a new bat that does not meet requirements. Catchers' helmets and batter's helmets have screws that hold face guards in place. These screws loosen and will eventually fall out rendering the equipment illegal and potentially causing a safety risk if not detected. Coaches must remain vigilant in inspecting equipment before every contest to ensure no damage has occurred or new noncompliant equipment has been purchased since their last inspection.

CONGRATULATIONS 2021 STATE TOURNAMENT UMPIRES

Darin	Alexander
Judd	Baker
D. Justin	Barzak
Eric	Bender
Terry	Bogard
Ariana	Bowles
Jeff	Bowman
Dan	Carnahan
Rebecca	Cooper
John	Davis

Todderick	Davis
Jerry	Denovchek
Darin	Desender
Deanne	Finkel
Dominic	Flaviani
Eric	Garber
Mark	Gonce
Terrell	Guidry
Carl	Hamilton
Steve	Hartman

Charles	Hawsman
Bernard	Hensley
Daniel	Hodous
Maria	Hottinger
Bobby	Johnson
Kim	Johnson
Danny	Kleckner
Lynn	Landis
Frank	Lecon
Mark	McDonald

Rick	Merb
Annette	Miller
Chad	Miller
Anthony	Montana
Brent	Munn
Tony	Ninni

Jerry	Norris
Jeff	Overmyer
Barry	Oyer
Earl	Pugh
James	Reneau
Edwin	Roberts, Jr

Pamela	Schultz
Joseph	Shaw
Max	Smeltzer
Jose	Travis
Rolly	Weber
Michael	Young

SPORTING CONDUCT AND EJECTIONS

We all know the importance of good sporting conduct. This applies not only to coaches and players but to umpires as well. Umpires are reminded to study Rule 3-6 and other rules relating to sporting conduct. Remember that potential penalties for unsporting conduct by a coach often include a bench restriction. When appropriate, we encourage that this option be used.

When an ejection does occur, there are important steps that must be followed:

- **A.** Officials shall file a report with the OHSAA office whenever a coach or player is ejected from an athletic contest within 48 hours of the ejection.
- 1. **Step 1: Speak with offender's principal/athletic director** Whenever an ejection occurs, the ejecting official shall speak with the offender's principal/athletic director no later than **the first school day** following the ejection.
- 2. **Step 2**: **Submit Report Form** Officials will fill out the form electronically on their Dashboard at www.myohsaa.org . The link is on the left hand side of the screen; "Submit New Ejection Form." Please complete one report per offending school.
- **B.** The Officials Report Form may also be used to report good or poor sportsmanship, severe injuries, facility problems, or equipment problems.
- **C.** Ejections other than players or coaches and other items of which the Director should be made aware must be reported.
- **D.** The school AD and OHSAA will automatically be sent an email concerning the ejection..
- E. Response email notifications will be sent once the protocol has been completed.
- **F.** An official failing to follow the ejection protocol and/or failing to file the Officials Report may result in a maximum fine of \$100 to the official per occurrence.

Ejected players must stay with the team. Ejected coaches or adult team personnel must leave the area of the contest, have no further communication with the team, and not perform any coaching functions. Such personnel may only return if summoned by an official in case of a situation such as a serious injury.

Ejected players and coaches are ineligible for the remainder of the day of the ejection and all contests at all levels until two games of the same level as the game of the ejection are played.

Post-game ejections are possible. Umpire jurisdiction does not end until all umpires have left the confines of the field. Inappropriate behavior on the field, after the game has ended, may result in an ejection and will be handled no differently than an ejection during the game. Umpires are not to be harassed, threatened, followed, or menaced while coming to or leaving the field. The home team or game management is responsible for the security of the officials.

Concussion Regulations

Ohio law and OHSAA rules spell out our concussion regulations. Every three years all OHSAA officials must complete concussion training. Some reminders:

- Review often the list of common symptoms of a concussion. This list is found in the Rule Book.
- A player who is removed because of signs or symptoms of a concussion may not return to play that day.
- If you send a player out with signs or symptoms of a concussion, you must complete the concussion form from the OHSAA website and send it to the OHSAA office.

Revised Weather Policy - Thunder and Lightning

- 1. If thunder is heard, the game is stopped, the 30-minute clock kicks in-NO EXCEPTIONS!
- 2. If lightning is seen (but no thunder heard), the game will be stopped and the Game Administrator(s), Umpires, and Head Coaches will convene and determine what type of delay will be administered. If there is lightning in the area, the 30-minute clock kicks in.
- 3. At night (after dark) under certain atmospheric conditions, lightning flashes may be seen from distant storms. In these cases, it MAY be safe to continue. If no thunder can be heard and the flashes are low to the horizon, the storm may not pose a threat. Independently verified lightning detection information would help eliminate any uncertainty. If any member of the group assessing conditions is uncertain, delay for 30 minutes!
- 4. Lightning detection devices may be used to stop the contest if lightning is in the area (usually 10 miles) even if it is not seen or thunder heard. Often, school medical personnel are monitoring this equipment obtain their input as part of your discussions.
- 5. Err on the side of safety. If there is a delay, players, coaches and officials must clear the field of play and seek cover. The host school is responsible to have an evacuation plan to get everyone to designated safer areas.
- 6. The "thirty minute clock" is re-started each time that thunder is heard or there is lightning in the area.

Game Ending/Suspended/Interrupted Games

With the typical weather issues we see each spring there seem to be many questions on this topic. Review the OHSAA Weather Policy above. There have been reports that officials have ignored severe weather conditions. Officials who do this will be fined and/or suspended.

Most softball games are seven innings. When a game goes into extra innings the OHSAA has no tiebreaker procedure and the only rules change relates to charged conferences (see Rule 3-7-1). No runners are placed on bases. Schools may agree to play a five inning game when multiple regular season games (such as a doubleheader) are scheduled for the same day. This agreement must be reached prior to the conclusion of the pregame conference.

The ten run rule applies after five innings in all games. In addition any game will also end when both head coaches and the plate umpire mutually agree to shorten and terminate the game. A game will also end when it is forfeited under NFHS rule 4-3, however, in OHSAA play no game can be forfeited until <u>after</u> it has started. A game which can't be started for any reason is a "No Contest". All of these rules apply equally to regular season and tournament games.

When an OHSAA tournament game is interrupted or suspended for any reason the game shall be resumed at a later time and continued from the point of suspension/interruption unless both head coaches and the plate umpire mutually agree to shorten and terminate the game.

The OHSAA does not permit games to be called and "started over" at a later date. When a regular season game is interrupted and the game can't be resumed that day the game will be suspended if the team behind in the score has not completed its turn at bat in the fifth inning. If a regular season contest has gone beyond this point it is a complete game subject to two important exceptions. The first of these exceptions is a tie game. The OHSAA does not permit games to end in a tie and therefore all games are won, lost, or suspended. Tie games are suspended. Any game is also suspended when all of these conditions apply:

- it has gone at least five innings
- the visiting team has scored to tie the game or take the lead in the top half of an inning
- the home team does not retake the lead in the bottom half of the inning and has not completed its turn at bat

When a suspended game is completed it shall be continued from the point of suspension with batting orders and lineups the same. Substitutions may be made. Suspended games that are not resumed are a "No Contest". These games do not count in a team's won/loss record.

TIPS FOR NEWER UMPIRES

We are fortunate to have both some veteran and retired umpires who contribute their time to watching and working with new umpires, primarily at the sub-varsity level. Here are some ideas that may help both newer and even not so new umpires. Special thanks to Bruce Fisher (Westchester), George Gulas (Medina), Tom Hathaway (Cincinnati) and Eric Shroyer (DeGraff)

for their contributions to this list. All are members of our Softball Umpire Improvement Team and are well known for the work they do. If you have time to work with new umpires let your local secretary, instructor or assigner know – they will appreciate it and so will the umpires.

- Contact your partner before the game. Confirm game details site, time, and where you will park and meet. Park next to your partner and if possible away from others.
- Arrive on time (at least 30 minutes before the scheduled game start).
- Create a list of items to include in a pregame conference with your partner. Each pregame is different a sample is on page 12 & 13 of the NFHS Softball Umpires Manual.
- Be prepared and know how you will communicate with your partner especially when you need help on a pulled foot, swipe tag, or similar. Remember we always need a call before getting help of any kind.
- Know the rules Suggestion #1 read the rule and then the corresponding case play section. Suggestion #2 highlight items of importance to you and use for future study. Suggestion #3 take the rules test to assess your rules knowledge. Look up the answers if you don't know them. Suggestion #4 Attend local meetings and remember that four is the minimum you will learn more by exceeding that number.
- Study your mechanics they are just as important as rules. Know your responsibilities for base coverages, fly ball tag ups, and touching bases. ALWAYS HUSTLE!!!!!
- Check your appearance proper OHSAA uniform, shoes, and equipment. FIRST IMPRESSION IS AN IMPORTANT PART OF WHAT WE DO!
- Pre-pitch Planning prepare for the next play WHAT WILL I DO IF?
- Make sure we always have "eyes on the ball and runners". Know how you will transition from your calling position to your next Initial Position (IP) and be sure your partner has you covered as you lose eye contact with the ball and runners.
- Get the required distance and angle on plays On tag plays 90 degrees to the path of the runner, at the leading edge of the base she is trying to reach, and 10-12 feet from the play. On force plays and plays at first base increase the distance to 18-21 feet from the play and if possible ninety degrees to the path of the throw. (See Manual page 32)
- STOP, SET, SEE THE PLAY AND THEN MAKE THE CALL! Remember the three keys to good judgment calls POSITION, STATIONARY, AND TIMING!!!
- Be approachable be prepared to answer questions and treat people the way you would like them to treat you.
- After the game, make an honest review of your performance. What did you do well? What problems did you have? What do you need to improve? This can be done with your partner or on your own. If you are fortunate enough to have someone observe you listen carefully to what they have to offer to you and use it to your advantage. Make a list of the things that you want to work on and review regularly to improve on these.

- Learn from veteran umpires if you have a day off or rain out go to a game and observe the crew. Ask questions after the game. Ask your assigner who would be good to observe and where they are working. Veteran umpires are always willing to help!
- Your association's interpreters, instructors, and observers are there to help. Call or email them with questions. Perhaps you'll be able to find a mentor through these people this person can work with you and watch you a great help.
- Doing these things will help you develop confidence in your rules knowledge, mechanics, and in your calls – this helps you to sell yourself.

CHECK YOUR UNIFORMS

There are no changes to the softball umpire uniform this year. Some reminders as to uniforms:

- Pants are to be either Heather Gray or Charcoal Gray. All umpires on a crew for any regular or post-season game are to be dressed alike. In the event that the umpires do not agree to all wear charcoal gray pants then heather gray pants shall be worn.
- A navy shirt with the OHSAA embroidered or sublimated logo. It is not permissible to wear a long sleeve garment under the short sleeve shirt.
- A jacket shall be the red shoulder stripe model Navy with red/white trim on the shoulder. The OHSAA logo shall be embroidered on the jacket.
- A navy cap with the OHSAA logo is required. The OHSAA embroidered or sublimated logo is the only logo permitted on shirts, jackets and hats.
- Undershirts or T-shirts are to be red.
- Dark blue or gray ball bags for the Plate Umpire. If two ball bags are worn, they shall be the same color.
- Wrist watches shall not be worn.

Umpires must remember that appearance and "looking the part" are important. When we take the field we have only one opportunity to make a first impression. All umpires have an equal opportunity to dress well – your uniform should be neat, clean and of course in accordance with OHSAA standards. Let's make the extra effort to look great. Shine the shoes, clean the hats, and take time to see what needs to be replaced this year.

Publications Note

In addition to this White Book, the Softball Mailing includes your NFHS publications - Rule Book, Case Book and Umpire Manual. Note that the Umpire Manual is printed every other year and should be retained for the 2022 and 2023 seasons.

OHIO HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION 2022 SOFTBALL UMPIRE MECHANICS CLINICS

All sessions are from 9 AM to 4PM

Saturday, February 12 – East – East Muskingum Middle School – 13120 John Glenn School Road	-
lew Concord	
Saturday, February 19 – Northwest – Glenwood Middle School – 1715 N. Main St Findlay	
Sunday, February 20 – Southwest – Stebbins High School – 1900 Harshman Rd. – Riverside	
Saturday, February 26– Southeast – South Webster High School 10529 Main St, South	
Vebster	
Sunday, February 27 – Northeast – Walsh Jesuit High School – 4550 Wyoga Lake Rd	
uyahoga Falls	
Sunday, March 6 – Central - Reynoldsburg HS LIVINGSTON CAMPUS – Columbus - 6699	
AST LIVINGSTON AVE.	

The OHSAA will sponsor six Softball Mechanics Clinics in 2022. These clinics, designed to help umpires improve their skills and attain their advancement goals, will emphasize plate and base mechanics. Staff will be from the OHSAA Softball Umpire Instructional Team and will include OHSAA softball tournament observers. Umpires attending will receive credit for their required state meeting and one local rules meeting. Attendees will also receive three points added to their TOURNAMENT SELECTION SCORE.

The cost of each clinic will be \$60 which includes all instruction, lunch, and a registration gift. Immediate registration is encouraged as the number of attendees at each location will be limited.

This clinic will be a working clinic – attendees should come prepared for both plate and base drills in an indoor setting. Please bring your plate equipment - OHSAA umpire uniform is recommended. Please also bring gym shoes as the weather will likely require that these be indoor events. Stations will be rotated in order that attendees can work with each instructor. Questions should be directed to Clinic Director Jerry Fick, OHSAA Director of Officials Development – Softball at swdoc@fuse.net.

For Registration - Mail form on the next page to: OHSAA, Attention Officiating

Department, 4080 Roselea Place, Columbus, OH 43214 Note – Clinic registration will start at

9AM and program will begin at 930AM. In case of inclement weather participants will be

notified by email and the clinic will be rescheduled.

OHIO HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION 2022 SOFTBALL UMPIRES MECHANICS CLINICS

REGISTRATION FORM

Select Location:

Saturday, February 12 – East – East Muskingum Middle School – 13120 John Glenn School Road
New Concord
Saturday, February 19 – Northwest – Glenwood Middle School – 1715 N. Main St Findlay
Sunday, February 20 – Southwest – Stebbins High School – 1900 Harshman Rd. – Riverside
Saturday, February 26– Southeast – South Webster High School 10529 Main St, South
Webster
Sunday, February 27 – Northeast – Walsh Jesuit High School – 4550 Wyoga Lake Rd
Cuyahoga Falls
Sunday, March 6 – Central - Reynoldsburg HS LIVINGSTON CAMPUS – Columbus - 6699
EAST LIVINGSTON AVE.
Name:
OHSAA Permit #EMAIL ADDRESS
Primary Phone Number
Years Registered as an OHSAA Softball Umpire

Mail with payment of \$60 to: OHSAA, Attention Officiating

Department, 4080 Roselea Place, Columbus, OH 43214

Make checks payable to OHSAA

Attendees will also receive three points added to their TOURNAMENT SELECTION SCORE.

State & Local Meeting Attendance Requirements

As in the past, all softball umpires must attend four local rules meeting and one state rules meeting. The OHSAA requires umpires holding permits in both baseball and softball to attend four local meetings for each sport – details are elsewhere in this publication.

The state meeting will be available both online and in person. The <u>BEST WAY</u> to start your preparation for the coming season is to attend a "face-to-face" State Rules Interpretation Meeting. There will be eight in person meetings. Each meeting will feature sessions of about two hours and in addition to the state meeting will review the most important items that we want to cover prior to the season. By attending the entire session, you will receive credit for a local meeting in addition to the state softball meeting. There is no need to "pre-register" for any face-to-face State meetings, it is purely optional. The schedule is listed below with all meetings starting at 6PM.

Monday, January 24 – Zanesville – High School – 1701 Blue Ave

Wednesday, January 26 – Columbus – OHSAA Office – Ceramic Building – 4080 Roselea Place

Tuesday, February 1 – Monroe – High School - 220 Yankee Rd.

Tuesday, February 8 – Jackson – High School – 500 Vaughn St.

Thursday, February 10 – Cleveland - Garfield Heights High School – 4900 Turney Rd.

Tuesday, February 15 – Findlay – Donnell Middle School – 301 Baldwin Ave.

Thursday, February 17–Canton –Stark County Educational Service Center, 6057 Strip Ave NW

Tuesday, February 22 – Piqua – Upper Valley Career Center – 8811 Career Dr.

The online state meeting for softball will be available by the week of February 7. Details will be emailed to all officials and will include the deadlines for completing the meeting. To access the meeting, log in to your myOHSAA profile and click the "Rules Meetings" icon in the top right, then click "Find a State Meeting" from the left side menu, then select "Softball" from the "Sports" dropdown menu, "Official" from "Meeting Type" dropdown menu, and then click "Search". This search will display the online meeting option as well as any face-to-face meeting options. You may view the online meeting on any device except for a Google Chromebook. A Google Chromebook is a type of laptop computer, entirely different from the popular internet browser Google Chrome. You may view the online meetings using the internet browser Google Chrome.