

# Softball Bat Information

## Bats Sensors

- Attachment used to measure swing speed
- **NOT legal for play under NFHS rules**
- Can be used in practice
- Update from NFHS on penalty for use
- Play - B1 enters the batter's box with a legal bat which has had a bat sensor added to measure swing speed. The umpire sees this or the defense notes this and calls this to the attention of the umpire.
- When discovered the item must be removed from the game or be made legal - sensor can be removed or the bat can not be used.
- The umpire will issue a team warning, and the next violation of Rule 3-6-1 (equipment) by that team will result in the offender and the head coach being restricted to the dugout/bench for the remainder of the game
- In addition, since the batter entered the batter's box with the illegal bat, Rule 7-4-2 would also apply and the batter would be ruled out with runners returning if they advanced on that play.

## Definitions and Penalties – Rules 1-5-1, 2-4, & 7-4-2

- An illegal bat does not meet the specifications of Rule 1-5. Altered bats and non-approved bats are both types of illegal bats. There are other types of illegal bats – a bat without a sufficient safety grip or a bat that has pine tar on the barrel are just two examples. A batter who enters the box with an illegal bat or is discovered having used an illegal bat with the infraction being detected by the umpire or the defense prior to the next pitch is out. The ball is immediately dead, and all runners return to the base occupied at the time of the pitch. If a runner was retired on the play, the out stands and the runner does not return.
- An altered bat was once legal but has been structurally changed by rolling, shaving, warming, or some other intentional act. When an altered bat is used, all penalties for an illegal bat apply PLUS the batter and head coach are also ejected from the game.
- A non-approved bat is one that does not meet USA Softball (formerly ASA) specifications OR has been placed on USA Softball list of non-approved bats with the USA Softball certification mark. When a non-approved bat is used all penalties for an illegal bat apply PLUS the batter and head coach are also ejected from the game (same penalty as for an altered bat).
- Beginning in 2020, a new definition has been added for a damaged bat. This item is defined as a bat that was once legal but is now broken, cracked, dented, rattles, or has sharp edges that could cut the ball. Note that a bat that has developed instability in the handle or taper (often called a wobble) is considered a damaged bat. Damaged bats are not considered illegal and when discovered are immediately removed from the game without penalty. EFFECTIVE IN 2022 – Rule 3-6-21 adds a penalty for a batter using a damaged bat previously removed from that game by an umpire. If this occurs, the batter is out and both the offender and head coach are restricted to the dugout for the remainder of the game.
- It is important to know what Certification Marks are required for NFHS softball competition. Rule 1-5-1d and Figure 1-6 have now been updated to include USA Softball's newest certification mark shown which are also provided below – there are now three marks which are the only approved marks for bats used in high school play:



NFHS rules require that bats meet the USA Softball bat performance standards. Thus, bats that only bear approval marks from other softball organizations without one of the above certification marks do not meet the requirements for use in high school play. Note that USA Softball also publishes a listing of Non-Approved Bats with Certification Marks. This was created to provide a listing of bats that had once been approved for use but are no longer deemed approved for use. This listing can be found on the USA Softball website at this link: <https://usa.asasoftball.com/e/BB1P2000.asp>.